Deticle 42.12, Osde of Chiminal Proceeding. 3 1981
1965, as amended, by amending Section 3a
1965, as amended, by amending the
and adding section 6e; amending the
This demeanor adduct Orabation and Supervision
Fawl Orticle 42.13 Come of Chiminal Grocedure,
Fawl Orticle 42.13 Come of Chiminal Grocedure,
1965), by amending Sections 3a and 6e; and
1965), by amending Sections 3a and 6e; and
Chapter 173, Acts of the 44th
Orticle School Section 7,1941, as amended
Chattiele 66876, Dernon's Tayas Civil Statutus).

By: Cymth

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S.B. No368

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to rehabilitation programs as a condition of probation for persons convicted of driving while intoxicated or under the influence of information liquids a controlled Salashance. On drug amending BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 3a, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

₩Sec 3a. Where there is a conviction in any court of this State and the punishment assessed by the jury shall not exceed ten years, the jury may recommend probation for a period of any term of years authorized for the offense for which the defendant was convicted, but in no event for more than ten years, upon written sworn motion made therefor by the defendant, filed before the trial When the jury recommends probation, it may also assess a fine applicable to the offense for which the defendant was When the trial is to a jury, and the defendant has no convicted. counsel, the court shall inform the defendant of his right to make such motion, and the court shall appoint counsel to prepare and present same, if desired by the defendant. In no case probation be recommended by the jury except when the sworn motion and proof shall show, and the jury shall find in their verdict that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony in any other State. This law is not to be construed as preventing the jury from passing on the guilt of the defendant, but he may enter a plea of not guilty. In all eligible cases, probation shall

be granted by the court, if the jury recommends it in their 1 verdict, for the period recommended by the jury. 2 $^{
eal}$ If probation is granted by the jury the court may impose only 3 those conditions which are set forth in Section 6, 6a, 6b, or 6c hereof." 5 Article 42.12, Chapter 42, Code of Criminal SECTION 2. 6 Procedure, 1965, as amended, is amended by adding Section 6c to 7 read as follows: 8 Sec 66. If a court places on probation a person convicted 9 of driving while intoxicated or under the influence of intoxicating 10 liquor, the court shall require, as a condition of the probation, 11 that the defendant attend an educational program designed to 12 rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated. The 13 program must be approved by the Department of Public Safety, the 14 Texas Commission on Alcoholism, or the Office of Traffic Safety. 15 If the defendant by a motion in writing shows good cause, the judge 16 may waive the requirement. The judge shall set out the finding of 17 good cause in the probation order.

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SECTION 3. Section 3a, Article 42.13, Code of Criminal 18 19 Procedure, 1965, as amended is amended to read as follows: /3 20 Where there is a conviction in any court of this 21 state and the punishment assessed by the jury shall be by 22 imprisonment in jail or by a fine or by both such fine and 23 imprisonment, the jury may recommend probation for a period of 24

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maximum imprisonment applicable to such offense of which the

defendant is convicted, upon sworn motion made therefor by the

defendant, filed before the penalty stage of the trial begins.

When the jury recommends probation, it may recommend that the 1 imprisonment or fine or both such fine and imprisonment found in 2 its verdict may be probated. When the trial is to a jury and the 3 defendant has no counsel, the court shall inform the defendant of 4 his right to make such motion, and the court shall appoint counsel 5 to prepare and present same, if desired by the defendant. In no 6 case shall probation be recommended by the jury except when the defendant, before the trial began, had filed a sworn statement that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony, and 9 after conviction and before the penalty stage of the trial began, 10 the defendant shall have filed a sworn motion for probation and the 11 proof shall show and the jury shall find in their verdict that the 12 defendant has never before been convicted of a felony in this or 13 any other state. This law is not to be construed as preventing the 14 jury from passing on the guilt of the defendant, but the defendant 15 may enter a plea of not guilty. In all eligible cases, probation 16 shall be granted by the court, if the jury recommends it in their 17 verdict. 18

only those conditions which are set out in Section 6, 6a, 6b, or 6c, hereof. Mislamanan Augst Ongain, and Superiors East

22 SECTION 4. Section 6c, Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 6c. If a person convicted of an offense under Article 6701 Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended, is placed on probation, the court shall [may] require, as a condition of the probation, that the defendant attend an educational program

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- 1 approved by the Texas Commission on Alcoholism, the [Texas]
- 2 Department of Public Safety, or the Office of Traffic Safety
- 3 designed to rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated.
- 4 The judge may [shall] waive this requirement, however, if the
- 5 defendant by a motion in writing shows good cause [ne-pregram-is
- 6 operated-within-60-miles-of-the-defendant's-residence]. The judge
- shall set out the finding of good cause in the probation order.
- 8 SECTION 5. Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th
- 9 Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b,
- 10 Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is amended to read as follows:
- 11 Sec. 24. AUTOMATIC SUSPENSION OF LICENSE. (a) The license
- 12 of any person shall be automatically suspended upon final
- conviction of any of the following offenses:
- 14 $_{_{N_i}}$ 1. Negligent homicide resulting from the operation of a
- 15 motor vehicle;
- 16 & 2. Driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of
- 17 intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance or drug to a degree
- that renders the person incapable of safely operating a motor /5
- vehicle, except as provided by Subsection (d) of this Section
- 20 [nareotie-drugs];
- 21 $^{\text{\tiny M}}$ 3. Any offense punishable as a felony under the motor
- 22 vehicle laws of this State;
- 23 4. A conviction of a driver of a motor vehicle involved in
- 24 an accident or collision, upon a charge of failure to stop, render
- 25 aid, and disclose his identity at the scene of said accident or
- 26 collision;
- 27 5. A conviction upon a charge of aggravated assault upon the

- 1 person by means of motor vehicle, as provided by law.
- 2 (b) The suspension above provided shall in the first
 3 instance be for a period of twelve (12) months. In event any
 4 license shall be suspended under the provision of this Section for
 5 a subsequent time, said subsequent suspension shall be for a period
 6 of eighteen (18) months.
 - extended upon licensee being convicted of operating a motor vehicle while the license of such person is suspended; such extended period of suspension to be for a like period as the original suspension, and is in addition to any other penalty assessed, as provided in this Act.
 - motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, the person's license shall not be automatically suspended if the court places the person on probation and either requires as a condition of probation that the person attend an educational program designed to rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated as provided by Article 42.12 or Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, or waives that requirement. The probation officer shall report to the court whether or not the person has completed the program. If the person fails to complete the program, the person's license shall be automatically suspended as provided by Subsection (a) (2) of this Section.

SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 1981, and applies only to probation and license suspension for offenses committed on or after that date. Probation under Article 42.12 or

5. B. No. 368

42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, and license 1 suspension under Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th 2 Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, 3 Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), for an offense committed before the effective date of this Act are governed by the law as it existed 5 when the offense occurred, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose. For the purpose of this Act, an offense is committed 7 before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense 8 occurs before the effective date. 9 The importance of this legislation and the SECTION 7. 10 crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an 11 necessity that and imperative public 12 an

constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several

days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

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COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FORM

March	25	GAustin,	Texas
Date of ren	ort to Sena	te	

Honorable William P. Hobby President of the Senate

Sir:

Chairman

Paper clip TWO copies of the Committee Substitute and TWO copies of this form to the original bill and retain one copy of this form for your file.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

February 23, 1981

Honorable Oscar H. Mauzy, Chairman Committee on Jurisprudence Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Bill No. 368

By: Caperton

Sir:

In response to your request pursuant to Senate Rule 94, Subsection (g), this office finds the fiscal implications of Senate Bill No. 368 (relating to rehabilitation programs as a condition of probation for persons convicted of driving while intoxicated) to be as follows:

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for a request for funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill, should it be enacted, would require a person convicted of driving while intoxicated to attend a rehabilitation program as a condition of probation.

Currently, federal monies are being made available to the Commission on Alcoholism from the State Department of Highways and Public Transportation as seed monies to implement new and upgrade existing rehabilitation programs to meet the approved State-endorsed standards and criteria. It is anticipated that the federal funds will be made available to local programs and new agencies and organizations which desire to implement a new program through fiscal year 1983. All programs are expected to become self-supporting locally through the charge of fees to probationers attending the mandatory DWI Education Program classes.

The probable cost of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Cost Out of Federal Funds	Cost of Administration Out of the General Revenue Fund	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 1981
1982	\$ 300,000	\$ -0-	+2
1983	300,000	-0-	+2
1984	-0-	70,910	+2
1985	-0-	70,910	+2
1986	-0-	70,910	+2

Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No fiscal implication or additional cost to units of local government attributable to the bill, should it be enacted, is anticipated.

Thomas M. Keel Director

Source: Texas Commission on Alcoholism; Texas Department of Public Safety; Texas Adult Probation Commission; and LBB Staff: TK, HES, LG, LV

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By: Caperton

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S.B. No. 368

Substitute the following for S.B. No. 368:

C.S.S.B. No. 368

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED for cultain connections and

AN ACT

relating to rehabilitation programs as a conditions of probation for persons convicted of driving while intoxicated amending the Code of Criminal Observations, Sections is BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

This manus and make in and Supericion have Section 1. Section 3a, Article 42.13, Code of Criminal

Procedure, 1965, as amended is amended to read as follows:

Where there is a conviction in any court of this punishment assessed by the jury shall be the fine or by both such fine and imprisonment in jail or by a imprisonment, the jury may recommend probation for a period of maximum imprisonment applicable to such offense of which the defendant is convicted, upon sworn motion made therefor by the defendant, filed before the penalty stage of the trial begins. When the jury recommends probation, it may recommend that fine or both such fine and imprisonment found in imprisonment or wark floor ann AD(1)
When the trial is to a jury its verdict may be probated. defendant has no counsel, the court shall inform the defendant of /2his right to make such motion, and the court shall appoint counsel to prepare and present same, if desired by the defendant. case shall probation be recommended by the jury except when the defendant, before the trial began, had filed a sworn statement that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony, and after conviction and before the penalty stage of the trial began, the defendant shall have filed a sworn motion for probation and the proof shall show and the jury shall find in their verdict that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony in this or any other state. This law is not to be construed as preventing the

S0227

- jury from passing on the guilt of the defendant, but the defendant 1
- may enter a plea of not guilty. In all eligible cases, probation 2
- shall be granted by the court, if the jury recommends it in their 3
- verdict.
- *If probation is granted by the jury, the court may impose 5
- only those conditions which are set out in Section 6, 6a, 6b, or 6c 6.
- The court may impose any one or all of those conditions. = Trindum and Outstand and Superturies & Sand Section 2. Section 6c, Article 42.13, Code of Criminal 7
- 8
- Procedure, 1965, as amended is amended to read as follows: 9
- a person convicted of an offense under Article 10 67012-1, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended, 11 placed on probation, the court shall [may] require, as a condition 12 of the probation, that the defendant attend and successfully 13 14 complete an educational program jointly approved by the Texas Commission on Alcoholism, the Texas Department of Public Safety, 15 Traffic Safety Section of the State Department of Highways and 16 17 Public Transportation, and the Texas Adult Probation Commission [ex the-Office-of-Traffic-Safety] designed to rehabilitate persons 18 have driven while intoxicated. The Texas Commission on Alcoholism 19 shall publish the jointly approved rules and regulations and shall 20 21 monitor and coordinate the educational programs. Persons who have 22 successfully completed an approved educational program or who are currently under an order to attend an educational program shall not 23 24 be eligible for attendance upon a subsequent offense. The judge may 25 [shall] waive the educational program [this] requirement, however, if the defendant by a motion in writing shows good cause 26 [ne program -- is-operated-within-60-miles-of-the-defendant is-residence]. 27 In determining good cause, the judge may consider, but is not 28 to: the offender's school and work schedule, 29 the 30 offender's health, the distance which the offender must travel

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C.S.S.B. No. 368

attend an educational program, and the fact that the offender 1 resides out-of-state, has no valid driver's license or does not 2 have access to transportation. The judge shall set out the finding of good cause in the judgement. If a person is required, as a 4 condition of probation to attend an educational program, the Lourt 5 Clerk shall immediately report such fact to the Texas Department of 6 7 Public Safety for inclusion in the person's driving record. Upon the successful completion of the educational program, the person 8 shall give notice to the Court Clerk. The Court Clerk shall then 9 report the date of successful completion of the educational program 10 to the Texas Department of Public Safety for inclusion 11 person's driving record. No report of the offense for which the 12 educational program was required as a condition of probation shall 13 be made to the Texas Department of Public Safety unless the person 14 15 fails to comply with the terms of the probation order. Information regarding the required attendance or successful completion of an 16 educational program may not be used for any purpose other than to 17 determine eligibility under this Section. 18

SECTION 3. Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is amended by adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:

motor vehicle under the influence of intoxicating liquor, the person's license shall not be automatically suspended if the court places the person on probation and either requires as a condition of probation that the person attend an educational program designed to rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated as provided by Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, or waives that requirement. The probation officer shall report to the

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court whether or not the person has completed the program. If the person fails to complete the program, the person's license shall be

Subdivision (2) of automatically suspended as provided by Subsection (a) (z) of this

4 Section.

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5 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect January 1, 1982, applies only to probation and license suspension for offense 6 . committed on or after that date. Probation under Article 42.13, // 7 of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, and license 8 suspension under Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th 9 Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, 10 Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), for an offense committed before the 11 12 effective date of this Act are governed by the law as it existed when the offense occurred, and that law is continued in effect for 13 that purpose. For the purpose of this Act, an offense is committed 14 before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense 15 occurs before the effective date. 16

SECTION 5. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

MAR 1 6 1981

S0227

AMENDMENT NO. /

BY____

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             Amend C.S.S.B. 368 as follows:
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             (1) On page 1, line 24, insert between "probated" and the
    period (".") the following:
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     and may recommend that any operator's, commercial operator's,
    chauffeur's license issued to the defendant under Chapter 173,
    Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session,
6
    6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), not be suspended
             (2) On page 2, line 29, insert between "requirement" and
8
9
    the period (".") the following:
       or the jury recommends, under Section 3a, Article 42.13,
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                                    mended, robation and no suspension of the
       Criminal Procedure,
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    person's license
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                                APR 1 1981
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am #D

Amend the caption to conform to the body of the bill

ADOPTED

APR 1 1981

Later King

Score the Seconds

Patsy Saw Engrossing Clerk

copy of SB 368, which was received from the Senate on Criminal referred to the Committee on Criminal Chief Clerk of the House

By: Caperton (Salinas)

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S.B. No. 368

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

relating to conditions of probation for certain convictions and for persons convicted of driving while intoxicated; amending the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, by amending Sections 3a and 6c of Article 42.13; and amending Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 3a, Misdemeanor Adult Probation and Supervision Law (Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965), is amended to read as follows:

"Section 3a. Where there is a conviction in any court this state and the punishment assessed by the jury shall be by imprisonment in jail or by a fine or by both such fine imprisonment, the jury may recommend probation for a period of the maximum imprisonment applicable to such offense of which is convicted, upon sworn motion made therefor by the defendant, filed before the penalty stage of the trial begins. jury recommends probation, it may recommend that the imprisonment or fine or both such fine and imprisonment found in its verdict may be probated and may recommend that any operator's, commercial operator's, or chauffeur's license issued to the defendant under Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), not be suspended. When the trial is to a jury and the defendant has no counsel, the court shall inform the defendant

1 his right to make such motion, and the court shall appoint counsel 2 to prepare and present same, if desired by the defendant. 3 case shall probation be recommended by the jury except when the defendant, before the trial began, had filed a sworn statement that 4 the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony, 5 6 after conviction and before the penalty stage of the trial began, 7 the defendant shall have filed a sworn motion for probation and the 8 proof shall show and the jury shall find in their verdict that the 9 defendant has never before been convicted of a felony in this or 10 any other state. This law is not to be construed as preventing the jury from passing on the guilt of the defendant, but the defendant 11 may enter a plea of not guilty. In all eligible cases, probation 12 shall be granted by the court, if the jury recommends it in their 13 verdict. 14

"If probation is granted by the jury, the court may impose only those conditions which are set out in Section 6, 6a, 6b, or 6c hereof. The court may impose any one or all of those conditions."

SECTION 2. Section 6c, Misdemeanor Adult Probation and Supervision Law (Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965),

20 is amended to read as follows:

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"Section 6c. If a person convicted of an offense under Article 67011-1, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended, is placed on probation, the court shall [may] require, as a condition of the probation, that the defendant attend and successfully complete an educational program jointly approved by the Texas Commission on Alcoholism, the Texas Department of Public Safety, the Traffic Safety Section of the State Department of

1 Highways and Public Transportation, and the Texas Adult Probation 2 Commission [er--the--effice--ef--Traffic---Safety] designed 3 rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated. The Texas 4 Commission on Alcoholism shall publish the jointly approved rules 5 and regulations and shall monitor and coordinate the educational programs. Persons who have successfully completed an approved 6 7 educational program or who are currently under an order to attend 8 an educational program shall not be eligible for attendance upon a 9 subsequent offense. The judge may [shall] waive the educational 10 program [this] requirement, however, if the defendant by a motion 11 in writing shows good cause [ne-pregram-is-eperated-within-60-miles ef--the--defendant's--residence]. In determining good cause, the 12 13 judge may consider, but is not limited to: the offender's school and work schedule, the offender's health, the distance which the 14 offender must travel to attend an educational program, and the fact 15 16 that the offender resides out-of-state, has no valid driver's 17 license or does not have access to transportation. The judge shall set out the finding of good cause in the judgement. If a person is 18 required, as a condition of probation to attend an educational 19 20 program, the court clerk shall immediately report such fact to the Texas Department of Public Safety for inclusion in the person's 21 driving record. Upon the successful completion of the educational 22 program, the person shall give notice to the court clerk. The 23 court clerk shall then report the date of successful completion of 24 the educational program to the Texas Department of Public Safety 25 26 for inclusion in the person's driving record. No report of the 27 offense for which the educational program was required as a

condition of probation shall be made to the Texas Department of

Public Safety unless the person fails to comply with the terms of

3 the probation order. Information regarding the required attendance

or successful completion of an educational program may not be used

for any purpose other than to determine eligibility under this

6 section."

SECTION 3. Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is amended by adding Subsection (d)

to read as follows:

"(d) If a person is convicted of the offense of driving a motor vehicle under the influence of intoxicating liquor, the person's license shall not be automatically suspended if the court places the person on probation and either requires as a condition of probation that the person attend an educational program designed to rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated as provided by Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, or waives that requirement, or the jury recommends, under Section 3a, Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, probation and no suspension of the person's license. The probation officer shall report to the court whether or not the person has completed the program. If the person fails to complete the program, the person's license shall be automatically suspended as provided by Subdivision (2) of Subsection (a) of this section."

SECTION 4. This Act takes effect January 1, 1982, and applies only to probation and license suspension for offense committed on or after that date. Probation under Article 42.13,

1965, 1 Code of Criminal Procedure, as amended, and license suspension under Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), for an offense committed before the 5 effective date of this Act are governed by the law as it existed when the offense occurred, and that law is continued in effect for 6 7 that purpose. For the purpose of this Act, an offense is committed 8 before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense 9 occurs before the effective date.

SECTION 5. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT



1ST PRINTING

By: Caperton (Salinas)

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S.B. No. 368

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

relating to conditions of probation for certain convictions and for persons convicted of driving while intoxicated; amending the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, by amending Sections 3a and 6c of Article 42.13; and amending Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 3a, Misdemeanor Adult Probation and Supervision Law (Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965), is amended to read as follows:

"Section 3a. Where there is a conviction in any court this state and the punishment assessed by the jury shall be by imprisonment in jail or by a fine or by both such fine and imprisonment, the jury may recommend probation for a period of the maximum imprisonment applicable to such offense of which defendant is convicted, upon sworn motion made therefor by the defendant, filed before the penalty stage of the trial begins. jury recommends probation, it may recommend that the imprisonment or fine or both such fine and imprisonment its verdict may be probated and may recommend that any operator's, commercial operator's, or chauffeur's license issued to defendant under Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), not be suspended. When the trial is to a jury and the defendant has no counsel, the court shall inform the defendant

his right to make such motion, and the court shall appoint counsel to prepare and present same, if desired by the defendant. In no case shall probation be recommended by the jury except when the defendant, before the trial began, had filed a sworn statement that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony, and after conviction and before the penalty stage of the trial began, the defendant shall have filed a sworn motion for probation and the proof shall show and the jury shall find in their verdict that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony in this or any other state. This law is not to be construed as preventing the jury from passing on the guilt of the defendant, but the defendant may enter a plea of not guilty. In all eligible cases, probation shall be granted by the court, if the jury recommends it in their verdict.

"If probation is granted by the jury, the court may impose only those conditions which are set out in Section 6, 6a, 6b, or 6c hereof. The court may impose any one or all of those conditions."

SECTION 2. Section 6c, Misdemeanor Adult Probation and Supervision Law (Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965), is amended to read as follows:

"Section 6c. If a person convicted of an offense under Article 67011-1, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended, is placed on probation, the court shall [may] require, as a condition of the probation, that the defendant attend and successfully complete an educational program jointly approved by the Texas Commission on Alcoholism, the Texas Department of Public Safety, the Traffic Safety Section of the State Department of

1 Highways and Public Transportation, and the Texas Adult Probation 2 Commission [er--the--Office--of--Traffic---Safety] rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated. 3 The Texas Commission on Alcoholism shall publish the jointly approved rules 4 and regulations and shall monitor and coordinate the educational 5 6 programs. Persons who have successfully completed an approved 7 educational program or who are currently under an order to attend 8 an educational program shall not be eligible for attendance upon a subsequent offense. The judge may [shall] waive the educational 9 program [this] requirement, however, if the defendant by a motion 10 11 in writing shows good cause [ne-pregram-is-eperated-within-60-miles ef--the--defendant's--residence]. In determining good cause, the 12 13 judge may consider, but is not limited to: the offender's school and work schedule, the offender's health, the distance which the 14 15 offender must travel to attend an educational program, and the fact that the offender resides out-of-state, has no valid driver's 16 17 license or does not have access to transportation. The judge shall set out the finding of good cause in the judgement. If a person is 18 required, as a condition of probation to attend an educational 19 program, the court clerk shall immediately report such fact to the 20 21 Texas Department of Public Safety for inclusion in the person's 22 driving record. Upon the successful completion of the educational program, the person shall give notice to the court clerk. The 23 24 court clerk shall then report the date of successful completion of the educational program to the Texas Department of Public Safety 25 for inclusion in the person's driving record. No report of the 26 offense for which the educational program was required 27

condition of probation shall be made to the Texas Department of 1

Public Safety unless the person fails to comply with the terms of 2

the probation order. Information regarding the required attendance 3

or successful completion of an educational program may not be used

for any purpose other than to determine eligibility under this 5

6 section."

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7 SECTION 3. Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, 8 9

Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is amended by adding Subsection (d)

10 to read as follows:

> "(d) If a person is convicted of the offense of driving a motor vehicle under the influence of intoxicating liquor, the person's license shall not be automatically suspended if the court places the person on probation and either requires as a condition of probation that the person attend an educational program designed to rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated as provided by Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, or waives that requirement, or the jury recommends, under Section 3a, Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, probation and no suspension of the person's license. The probation officer shall report to the court whether or not the person has completed the program. If the person fails to complete the program, the person's license shall be automatically suspended as provided by Subdivision (2) of Subsection (a) of this section."

> SECTION 4. This Act takes effect January 1, 1982, and applies only to probation and license suspension for offense committed on or after that date. Probation under Article 42.13,

Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, and license suspension under Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), for an offense committed before the effective date of this Act are governed by the law as it existed when the offense occurred, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose. For the purpose of this Act, an offense is committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurs before the effective date.

SECTION 5. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

COMMITTEE REPORT

The Honorable Bill Clayton Speaker of the House of Representatives

4/8	181	
	(date)	

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Sir:			

____ absent

We, your COMMITTEE ON CR				5.6368 , have had the
same under consideration and beg	g to report back with the	recommendation that it	(measure)	
do pass, without ame do pass, with amendration do pass and be not produced to the document of	nent(s).	nittee Substitute is recommended	in lieu of the orig	inal measure.
A fiscal note was requested.	yes () no		
An author's fiscal statement was	requested. () y	ves () no		
An actuarial analysis was requeste	ed. () yes	(it no		
The Committee recommends that			nt) Galendar	
	pposes new law. ends existing law.			
		Solinia		
House Sponsor of Senate Measur	e Neg.	HIINAS		
The measure was reported from (Committee by the follow	ing vote:		
	AYE	NAY	PNV	ABSENT
Nabers, Ch.				i -
Cofer, V.C.				
Hernandez, C.B.O.				
Browder	i /			
Burnett				
Hudson				
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present, not votin	ıg		UNAINIA!	A

S.B. 368 by Caperton (Salinas-House Sponsor)

Background Information:

Articles 42.12 and 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, provide for the imposition of certain conditions of probation. The judge is not limited to the conditions listed within the statutes. He may include or delete statutory conditions and he may include any additional conditions which he deems necessary. Some jurisdictions presently require probationers who have been found guilty of D.W.I. to attend educational programs designed to rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated. Attendance at such programs is not required under present law.

What the Bill Proposes to Do:

The bill proposes to require that persons found guilty of D.W.I. be required to attend educational programs designed to rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated as a condition of probation. Upon final conviction of D.W.I. and the granting of probation a defendant would be allowed to retain his license under this bill.

Section by Section Analysis:

Section 1. Amends Section 3a, Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, by providing that upon conviction of D.W.I. a jury may recommend that a person's driver's license not be suspended and that he be placed under probation subject to the applicable sections of the Article.

Section 2. Amends Section 6c, Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, by providing that a person probated for D.W.I. must be required to attend an educational program designed to rehabilitate persons who have driven while intoxicated. The program must be approved by D.P.S., Texas Commission on Alcoholism, State Department of Highways and Public Transportation and the Adult Probation Commission. The judge would be able to waive this requirement for good cause shown.

Section 3. Amends Article 6687b, V.T.C.S., by providing that a defendant's driver's license is not automatically suspended if he is placed on probation and required to attend an educational program.

Section 4. Effective date (September 1, 1981) and Applicability Clause.

Section 5. Emergency Clause.

Rulemaking Authority:

It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not delegate rulemaking authority to a state officer, agency, department or institution.

Summary of Committee Action:

The house companion bill was presented in public hearing and at the request of the author, the senate bill was considered by the committee. The committee reported the senate bill favorably by a vote of 6 ayes, 0 nays, 0 present, not voting and 5 absent, on April 8, 1981.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

April 17, 1981

Honorable Lynn Nabers, Chairman Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Bill No. 368, as engrossed

By: Caperton

Sir:

In response to your request pursuant to House Rules, Section 3.119, this office finds the fiscal implications of Senate Bill No. 368, as engrossed (relating to conditions of probation for certain convictions and for persons convicted of driving while intoxicated) to be as follows:

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for a request for funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill, should it be enacted, would require a person convicted of driving while intoxicated to attend a rehabilitation program as a condition of probation.

Currently, federal monies are being made available to the Commission on Alcoholism from the State Department of Highways and Public Transportation as seed monies to implement new and upgrade existing rehabilitation programs to meet the approved State-endorsed standards and criteria. It is anticipated that the federal funds will be made available to local programs and new agencies and organizations which desire to implement a new program through fiscal year 1983. All programs are expected to become self-supporting locally through the charge of fees to probationers attending the mandatory DWI Education Program classes.

The probable cost of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Cost Out of Federal Funds	Cost of Administration Out of the General Revenue Fund	of State Employees from FY 1981
1982	\$300,000	\$28,126	+2
1983	300,000	28,097	+2
1 9 84	-0-	99,007	+4
1985	-0-	99,007	+4
1986	-0-	99,007	+4

Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No fiscal implication or additional cost to units of local government attributable to the bill, should it be enacted, is anticipated.

Thomas M! Keel Director

Source: Texas Commission on Alcoholism; Texas Department of Public Safety;

Texas Adult Probation Commission; and LBB Staff: TK, HES, LG, NH

Enrolled Chril 30,1981

Latary Space

Enrolling Clerk

S.B. No. 368

1 AN ACT

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relating to conditions of probation for certain convictions and for persons convicted of driving while intoxicated; amending the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965, as amended, by amending Sections 3a and 6c of Article 42.13; and amending Section 24, Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 3a, Misdemeanor Adult Probation and Supervision Law (Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965), is amended to read as follows:

"Section 3a. Where there is a conviction in any court this state and the punishment assessed by the jury shall be by imprisonment in jail or by a fine or by both such fine and imprisonment, the jury may recommend probation for a period of the maximum imprisonment applicable to such offense of which defendant is convicted, upon sworn motion made therefor by the defendant, filed before the penalty stage of the trial begins. When the jury recommends probation, it may recommend that the imprisonment or fine or both such fine and imprisonment found in its verdict may be probated and may recommend that any operator's, commercial operator's, or chauffeur's license issued to the defendant under Chapter 173, Acts of the 47th Legislature, Regular Session, 1941, as amended (Article 6687b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), not be suspended. When the trial is to a jury and the defendant has no counsel, the court shall inform the defendant of

his right to make such motion, and the court shall appoint counsel to prepare and present same, if desired by the defendant. case shall probation be recommended by the jury except when the defendant, before the trial began, had filed a sworn statement that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony, after conviction and before the penalty stage of the trial began, the defendant shall have filed a sworn motion for probation and the proof shall show and the jury shall find in their verdict that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony in this or any other state. This law is not to be construed as preventing the jury from passing on the guilt of the defendant, but the defendant may enter a plea of not guilty. In all eligible cases, probation shall be granted by the court, if the jury recommends it in their verdict.

"If probation is granted by the jury, the court may impose only those conditions which are set out in Section 6, 6a, 6b, or 6c hereof. The court may impose any one or all of those conditions."

SECTION 2. Section 6c, Misdemeanor Adult Probation and Supervision Law (Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965), is amended to read as follows:

"Section 6c. If a person convicted of an offense under Article 67011--1, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended, is placed on probation, the court shall [may] require, as a condition of the probation, that the defendant attend and successfully complete an educational program jointly approved by the Texas Commission on Alcoholism, the Texas Department of Public Safety, the Traffic Safety Section of the State Department of

his right to make such motion, and the court shall appoint counsel to prepare and present same, if desired by the defendant. In no case shall probation be recommended by the jury except when the defendant, before the trial began, had filed a sworn statement that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony, and after conviction and before the penalty stage of the trial began, the defendant shall have filed a sworn motion for probation and the proof shall show and the jury shall find in their verdict that the defendant has never before been convicted of a felony in this or any other state. This law is not to be construed as preventing the jury from passing on the guilt of the defendant, but the defendant may enter a plea of not guilty. In all eligible cases, probation shall be granted by the court, if the jury recommends it in their verdict.

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"If probation is granted by the jury, the court may impose only those conditions which are set out in Section 6, 6a, 6b, or 6c hereof. The court may impose any one or all of those conditions."

SECTION 2. Section 6c, Misdemeanor Adult Probation and Supervision Law (Article 42.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1965), is amended to read as follows:

"Section 6c. If a person convicted of an offense under Article 67011-17, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended, is placed on probation, the court shall [may] require, as a condition of the probation, that the defendant attend and successfully complete an educational program jointly approved by the Texas Commission on Alcoholism, the Texas Department of Public Safety, the Traffic Safety Section of the State Department of

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President of the Senate	Speaker of the House
I hereby certify that S.B. N	No. 368 passed the Senate on April
1, 1981, by a viva-voce vote.	
	Secretary of the Senate
I hereby certify that S.B.	No. 368 passed the House on April
30, 1981, by a non-record vote.	
	Chief Clerk of the House
Approved:	
	;
Date	
Governor	

S.B.	No. 368
SJR.	NO. J. B. B.

By CAPERTON

AN ACT relating to rehabilitation programs as a condition of probation for persons convicted of driving while intoxicated.

FEB 3 1981	Filed with the Secretary of the Senate
FEB 4 1981	Read, referred to Committee on JURISPRUDENCE
	Reported favorably.
MAR 2 5 1981	Reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; Committee Substitute read first time.
	Ordered not printed
APR 1 1981	_ Senate and Constitutional Rules to permit consideration suspended by
	unanimous consent
•	To permit consideration, reading and passage, Senate and Constitutional Rule suspended by vote ofyeasnays. Read second time and ordered engrossed. Passed to third reading.
APR 1 1991	_ Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill.
APR 1 1981	Senate and Constitutional 3-Day Rules suspended by vote of
APR 1 1981	Read third time and passed by a viva-voce vote
OTHER ACTIO	N: Letty King
	Secretary of the Senate

APR 2	1981	Received from the Senate
APR 6 19	981	Read first time and referred to Committee on Criminal Ju
4-8-	81	Reported favorably exerted, sent to Printer at 12:20 pm
APR 21	1981	Printed and Distributed 11:54 A.M. APR 20 1981
APR 21	1981	Sent to Committee on Calendars 12:40 p.m.
APR 2 9	1981	Read Second time (amended): passed to third reading (failed)
***		by (Non-Record Vote) Record Vote of
~		Present, not voting.
		Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days suspended (failed to suspend) by a four-fifths vote of
APR 3 (1981	yeas nays present not voting. Read third time (amended); finally passed (failed) by a
	ζ	(Non-Record Vote) Record Vote of yeas nays present not voting.
ADD 9 A	1004	. Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill.
APR 3 0	1981	Returned to Senate. Betty Mussay
		Chief Clerk of the House

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